

INTRODUCTION

Care of people and concern for their welfare are integral to the ethos of RGS. This school is committed to ensuring the health, safety and welfare of all employees, students and others who are legally present on our premises and in our workplace. In keeping with this commitment, priority is given to the provision of adequate first aid facilities and first aid treatment for all individuals at school in accordance with the legislative requirements of the Ministry of Public Health.

All staff should read and be aware of this Policy, know who to contact in the event of any illness, accident or injury and ensure this Policy is followed in relation to the administration of first aid. All staff will do their best to secure the welfare of the pupils.

Anyone on the School premises is expected to take reasonable care for their own and others' safety.

SCHOOL CLINIC

The school clinic is near the Atrium and Sports hall with clear signage. If a pupil becomes unwell in school or has an accident, they should visit the school nurse in the clinic. The clinic is open from 7:30 am - 2:30 pm. during term time. If the nurse must leave the room, a proper sign of her location is posted on the door. If the school nurse is absent, every effort will be made to find a supply registered nurse or a first aider to cover.

In visiting the clinic, Pupils in Early Years should be accompanied by a member of staff. Pupils in Key Stage 1,2 and 3 should be accompanied by another pupil or a member of staff. After receiving treatment pupils in the Early Years must not be sent back unaccompanied. Pupils should not be allowed to stay in the medical room unless there is a medical problem. If they are sick, they can stay for one hour under the nurse's direct care in the clinic. After this time, they will either be sent back to class or sent home, depending on the assessment and clinical judgement of the nurse. A medical/injury (Appendix E) form will be given on each visit.

DIGNITY AND PRIVACY POLICY

At all times RGS aim to respect the dignity and privacy of all children with medical conditions by only sharing information with those who have a role in directly supporting the child's needs if consent was given by the parents.

ACCIDENT AND EMERGENCY

If an accident or sudden serious illness occurs at school, every effort will be made to contact parents, but the immediate treatment of the injured student is our first concern. The school's Registered Nurse will administer first aid. If the situation is serious enough to require other treatment, 999 will be contacted immediately and an ambulance will transport the student to the hospital if parents/guardian have given permission to do so on the Student Medical Form. The school will request that students be taken to the closest hospital. School staff members will accompany the student. Parents will be notified of the hospital location and should immediately go to the hospital, where the staff members will be waiting to meet them.

BUMP AND HEAD INJURIES



Children frequently sustain bangs and minor head injuries while in school. Most head injuries are not serious and simply result in a bump or bruise. Those who suffer from head injury MUST be reviewed and evaluated by the school nurse and proper first aid must be given.

Minor Head injury

- Child should be assessed and treated by the school nurse.
- Depending on the severity of the injury, or if there is a visible cut wound that needs suturing, Parents should be called to collect if necessary.
- The accident/injury form and head injury instruction guide (Appendix F) must be given to the parent on the child's collection.
- If the child remains in the school, monitoring should take place if their condition deteriorates necessary action must be taken.

Severe Head injury

- If after a head injury a child remains unconscious or fits, an ambulance should be called immediately (999). Parents will be called and informed right away as well.
- Someone should remain with the child until professional help arrives do not leave the child unattended.
- School staff members will accompany the student to the hospital until the parents arrive.

MEDICATION POLICY

Pupils may need to take medication at some point during their school life. As far as possible, medication should be taken at home and only in school when necessary and would be detrimental to their health. However, some pupils may require regular medication on a long-term basis to treat medical conditions which, if not managed correctly, could limit their access to education. If medication is required to be administered, the following procedure should be followed:

- Only medication prescribed by a physician will be given in school.
- Written permission from the parents/guardian must be completed and received prior to the administration of any medication (Appendix B).
- All medications to be taken at school must be delivered to the school nurse. If parents have sent in medication to be administered by the nurse, medicines MUST be in date, labelled, and provided in the original container (except in the case of insulin which may come in a pen or pump) with dosage instructions. Medicines which do not meet these criteria will not be administered.
- Early Years pupils should be brought to the nurse by a staff member for the medicine to be administered. Key Stage 1, 2 and 3 pupils are permitted to visit the clinic unaccompanied. If the child does not arrive at the clinic, the nurse will contact the teacher and/or teaching assistants.
- Medication will not be used beyond the expiry date.

In case of school trips, If the school nurse accompanies students on a trip, she will be responsible for medication administration unless otherwise noted.

If the school nurse does not accompany students on a trip, the student's teacher or other designated school employee will be responsible for medication administration, including inhalers and emergency medications such as EpiPen.



Everyone designated to administer medications will receive special administration instruction/training from the school nurse.

Occasional and Regular Medication

A 'Consent to Administer Medication' Form must be completed for any medication to be given regularly, either on a long-term basis (e.g., asthma inhalers) or a short-term basis (e.g., antibiotics). Any medication given is recorded in their individual medication log sheet indicating the dose, time and strength given. (Appendix C)

When regular doses of medication are required in school, these will be given at break and lunchtime to avoid disruption to the school day.

Non-Prescription Medication

With the parent's permission on the Student Medical form, commonly taken over the counter medications will only be given to the child when necessary and after the parent has been contacted first. If the parent cannot be contacted, then no oral medication can be given.

SUN SAFETY

Everyone in the community has a responsibility to ensure that pupils' immediate and long-term health is not put at risk through excessive exposure to the sun.

- All pupils should wear a hat during play or when working outside. If they do not have a hat, they must play undercover or in shaded areas.
- Teachers should consider the risk of over exposure to the sun when planning P.E. and other outdoor activities.
- Pupils should be encouraged to take responsibility for their safety in the sun through wearing protective clothing, lotions etc. and through education on the effects of overexposure to the sun.
- All pupils should bring a water bottle to school and have access to it during all lessons and outside play.

SCHOOL TRIPS

Staff organizing our school trips ensure:

- They plan well in advance.
- They seek information about any medical / health care needs which may require management during a school trip. This is specifically relevant for students that may require medication. If medication is needed while on the trip, a Parental Agreement for the School to Administer Medication During a Trip (Appendix G) must be completed by the parents 1 week before the trip.
- That any medication, equipment, health care plans are taken with them and kept appropriately during the trip.
- They do a risk assessment which includes how medical conditions will be managed on the trip. Staff are aware that some students may require an individual risk assessment due to the nature of their medical condition.



HEALTHY EATING POLICY

A separate healthy eating policy is available.

ALLERGIES AND SENSITIVITIES

Parents are responsible for informing the school about their child's allergies and should be indicated in the medical form (Appendix A). If in case a prescribed medicine (antihistamine or EpiPen) is needed for any certain reaction, the parents should coordinate directly to the school nurse and hand over the medicine at the beginning of the school year. The medicine will be kept under the direct supervision and care of the school nurse in the clinic.

NUT POLICY

Although we recognize that this cannot be guaranteed, RGS aims to be a Nut-Free school. It serves to set out all measures to reduce the risk to those children and adults who may suffer an anaphylactic reaction if exposed to nuts to which they are sensitive. The school aims to protect children who have allergies to nuts yet also help them, as they grow up, to take responsibility as to what foods they can eat and to be aware of where they may be put at risk.

We have a policy to not use nuts in any of our food prepared on site at our school. Our suppliers provide us with nut-free products. However, we cannot guarantee freedom from nut traces.

Definition:

Anaphylaxis (also known as anaphylactic shock) is an allergic condition that can be severe and potentially fatal.

Anaphylaxis is your body's immune system reacting badly to a substance (an allergen), such as food, which it wrongly perceives as a threat. The whole body can be affected, usually within minutes of contact with an allergen, although sometimes the reaction can happen hours later.

Symptoms

The symptoms of anaphylaxis usually start between 20 to 60 minutes after contact with the allergen. Less commonly they can occur a few hours or even days after contact.

An anaphylactic reaction may lead to feeling unwell or dizzy or may cause fainting due to a sudden drop in blood pressure. Narrowing of the airways can also occur at the same time, with or without the drop in blood pressure. This can cause breathing difficulties and wheezing. Other symptoms:

- Swollen eyes, lips, genitals, hands, feet, and other areas (this is called angioedema)
- Itching
- Sore, red, itchy eyes
- Changes in heart rate
- A sudden feeling of extreme anxiety or apprehension
- Itchy skin or nettle-rash (hives)
- Unconsciousness due to extremely low blood pressure
- Abdominal cramps, vomiting or diarrhea, or nausea and fever.

Anaphylaxis varies in severity. Sometimes it causes only mild itchiness and swelling, but in some people, it can cause sudden death. If symptoms start soon after contact with the allergen and rapidly worsen, this indicates that the reaction is more severe.

Staff

 Staff must be aware of at-risk children. A complete list of children with allergies is usually visible and available in the staff common room, each individual classroom and in the clinic.



- Staff must ensure they do not bring in or consume nut products in school and ensure they follow good hand washing practice.
- To be familiar with Epinephrine administration technique.

Parents and Carers

- Parents and carers must notify staff of any known or suspected allergy to nuts and provide all medical and necessary information. This will be added to the child's care plan and if necessary, a meeting will be organized with the school nurse. Homemade snacks or party food contributions must have a label detailing all ingredients present and the kitchen environment where the food was prepared must be nut free. If you are unsure about a selection, please speak to a staff member before bringing the food item into school.
- If the parents report that their child has a nut/legume allergy, they will be required to provide, at minimum, a prescribed antihistamine and/or epinephrine auto-injector (EpiPen) if anaphylactic. The medicine will be kept and readily available in the nurse's clinic for emergency purposes. A form for pre-prepared adrenaline injection administration report must be completed for any adrenaline/epinephrine used (Appendix D)
- The school requests that parents and carers observe the nut-free policy and therefore do not include nuts, or any traces of nuts, in packed lunches.

Children

 All children are regularly reminded about the good hygiene practice of washing their hands before and after eating, which helps to reduce the risk of secondary contamination. Likewise, children are reminded and carefully supervised to minimize the act of food sharing with their friends.

Emergency Response Instructions

Anaphylactic Episode

- 1. Stay calm and get help contact the school nurse or any trained member of staff. If possible, the child should be moved to the clinic to properly undertake emergency response management.
- 2. Administer EpiPen immediately if the child displays any of the symptoms. The EpiPen gives you 15 minutes to seek medical attention. If you are with someone else, have them call 999. If not, administer the EpiPen first and then call 999. After epinephrine administration:
 - Lay the students flat and elevate their legs. Do not stand or walk. If breathing is difficult for them, allow them to sit but not stand.
 - Reassure the student experiencing the reaction as they are likely to be feeling anxious and frightened as a result from the reaction and the side-effects of the adrenaline.
 Watch the student closely in case of a worsening condition. Ask another staff member to move other students away and reassure them elsewhere.
 - In the rare situation where there is no marked improvement and severe symptoms are present, a second injection may be administered after five minutes, if a second EpiPen is available.
- 3. Call the ambulance right away (999) and clearly explain that someone is suffering a suspected anaphylactic reaction.
- 4. While waiting for professional help, Advise the Front Office of the situation, including the need to call the parents ASAP.
- 5. Follow through in transporting the child to hospital immediately even if symptoms subside.
- 6. Complete Epinephrine/adrenaline administration report form.



STUDENT ILLNESS POLICY

The intention of this policy is to provide a healthy and safe environment for our students. Some illnesses and situations require a child to be absent from school to prevent the spread of infection to other children and to allow the child time to rest, recover and be treated for the illness. To help keep our children healthy, RGS requires adherence to the guidelines of this policy. Children will not be allowed to attend school or school related activities if they have anything contagious such as, but not limited to the following:

- FEVER: May return when fever free (under 100 degrees) for 24 hours, without taking fever medication
- DIARRHEA / VOMITING: May return when symptom free for 24 hours
- STREP THROAT: May return after 24 hours of antibiotic treatment and no fever for 24 hours
- CONJUNCTIVITIS (pink eye): May return once the symptoms disappear and eyes are free of discharge
- RING WORM: May return after treatment begins; area should be covered while in school for first 48 hours (about 2 days) of treatment
- IMPETIGO / STAPH / MRSA: May return 48 hours (about 2 days) after treatment starts; wound must be covered with dressing taped on all 4 sides
- COMMUNICABLE DISEASES (such as, but not limited to influenza, chickenpox, measles, mumps, pertussis, meningitis, mononucleosis): May return when cleared by their medical provider and must provide a Certificate to resume school.

If a student arrives at school with symptoms, or during the school day begins to show symptoms indicative of a condition listed above, a careful assessment will be done by the school nurse. If the nurse believes that it is best for the child to be sent home to rest or to be seen by a doctor, a parent/guardian will be contacted and asked to pick the child up as soon as possible. The parent/guardian needs to maintain direct contact with the school and the student's teacher if the child is diagnosed with any communicable disease so the school can take appropriate steps to protect the entire student population.

HEAD LICE

It is parents' responsibility to routinely check and inform school if their child has head lice. If in case the head lice were discovered while in the school, the child may remain in class if it is only nits (egg of the lice) but precaution about head-to-head contact with other students will be emphasized and routinely observed. The school will then notify concerned parents to ensure the treatment will be started when the child comes back home. If the lice are alive and in enormous number, the child will be sent home immediately to avoid infecting other children. Any child with head lice should not return to school unless treatment with medicated head lice product has been started. The school will then issue notices to other parents informing them of an outbreak in school and what action should be taken.

CHILDREN WITH MEDICAL NEEDS OR SPECIAL EDUCATION NEEDS WHO REQUIRE SPECIAL ADJUSTMENTS

Parents have a duty and responsibility to notify the school if their child is suffering from any medical conditions that might affect their overall health and studies if not properly monitored.



They should also provide details of any treatment and support they may require in school. Relevant health care professionals will liaise between parents/guardians and school personnel to ensure staff are aware of, and trained to provide, any relevant or emergency support or treatment. An individual health care plan will usually be compiled, detailing the course of action to be taken.

In RGS, General posters about medical conditions (diabetes, asthma, epilepsy, etc.) are recommended to be posted and available in the area where all the staff can easily have access. Each class teacher is also provided with their own individual class list together with the treatment available in the clinic and should be updated regularly.

ASTHMA

This school recognizes that asthma is a widespread, potentially serious, but controllable condition and encourages pupils with asthma to achieve their potential in all aspects of school life.

- a) Parents have a duty to inform staff if their child is asthmatic. Preventative inhalers should be provided and labelled with the pupil and class name. These should be kept in the locked cupboard inside the School Clinic.
- b) A medicine administration sheet to record the frequency of an inhaler use can be found in each class medical folder.
- c) In case of Asthma attack, written first aid instruction on the student's Asthma Action/Care plan given by the doctor are the ones to be followed when administering first aid. If no specific and signed instructions are available, the instruction is unclear, or the person does not have an Asthma Action/Care plan, the standard Asthma Protocol of the school should be administered.

Asthma Attack Protocol

A pupil with asthma symptoms should be placed in an area where he/she can be closely observed. Never send a pupil up to the School Clinic alone. Limit moving a pupil who is in severe distress, call for nurse to come down instead. The pupil should be in a cool, calm atmosphere.

Immediate Assessment

Is there a history of asthma?

If not, consider a different cause: foreign body, croup, whooping cough, pneumonia, bronchitis, hyperventilation.

Is pupil at risk of severe acute attack?

Signs of a particularly severe asthma attack can include:

- wheezing, coughing, and chest tightness becoming severe and constant (younger children may describe this as a tummy ache)
- being too breathless to eat, speak or sleep
- breathing faster
- a rapid heartbeat

Call 999 to seek immediate help if the pupil appears exhausted, has blue/white tinge around lips or has collapsed.

Severe Asthma

1. Sit up straight - do not lie down. Try to keep calm.



- 2. Administer one puff of pupil's reliever inhaler (usually blue) every 30-60 seconds, up to a maximum of 10 puffs.
- 3. If a pupil feels worse at any point whilst using the inhaler or does not feel better after 10 puffs or you are worried at any time, call 999 for an ambulance.
- 4. Contact parents/guardian
- 5. If the ambulance is taking longer than 15 minutes you can repeat step 2.

If the symptoms improve and you do not need to call 999, an urgent same-day appointment must be made for the pupil to see their GP or asthma nurse.

EPILEPSY

RGS is committed to fully meeting the needs of pupils who have epilepsy, keeping them safe, ensuring they achieve to their full potential, and are fully included in school life.

When a pupil who has epilepsy joins RGS or an existing student is diagnosed with epilepsy, a meeting will be arranged with the parents (and pupil where appropriate) to:

- Discuss the pupil's medical needs, including the type of epilepsy he or she has and the emergency response or intervention during the attack.
- Discuss if and how the pupil's epilepsy and medication affect his or her ability to concentrate and learn, and how the pupil can be supported with this.
- Discuss any potential barriers to the pupil taking part in all activities and school life, including day and residential trips, and how these barriers can be overcome.
- Ensure that both medical prescription and parental consent are in place for the nurse to administer any necessary medication.

Basic Seizure/Epilepsy first aid:

- 1. Stay calm and track time.
- 2. Keep the child safe.
- 3. Do not restrain.
- 4. Do not put anything per oral/mouth.
- 5. Stay with the child until fully conscious.

For tonic-clonic seizure (repetitive movement of one or more arms or legs)

- 1. Protect the head.
- 2. Keep airway open/watch breathing.
- 3. Roll the child onto their side to keep the airway open and to allow for any fluids in the mouth to flow out.



MEDICAL FORM

Student Name:		Gender	r:	
Date of Birth:	Age: Height:	Weight: Religi	on (if any): Teacher:	
Nationality:	ID/Passport Nu	ımber:	Blood Type (If known)	:
Address:				
Town/City:		Postal Code:		
EMERGENCY CON	TACTS: (Please info	orm us if any of these nu	ımbers change througho	ut the year as we
need to be able to reach	a parent/guardian at		gency/illness)	
Name:		Relationship:		
Daytime Telephone:		Mobile:	Home Telephone:	
Name:		Relationship:		
Daytime Telephone:		Mobile:	Home Telephone:	
ALTERNATIVE CONT	ACTS (If parents o	cannot be reached)		
Name:		Relationship:	Mobile:	
*If these emergency co for my child. This may Hamad Emergency.	involve calling the		ng students to any nea	_
INICIIDANICE	Yes:		No:	_
INSURANCE		¬.,		
Does your child have med	dical Insurance?	If so, who is your insu		
Policy Number:*If your child has no in:	surance policy plea		gency Call Centre Numb	er:
		insurance policy and		hle for any fees
incurred due to persona	•	insurance policy and	that I will be responsi	ble for any fees
Signed:	Trioss of injury.			
SIBLING(S)				
Student Name:	Class:	Student Name:		Class:
Student Name:	Class:	Student Name:		Class:
IMMUNIZATIONS	Ctuss.	Stadent Name.		_ Ctubb.
	f tha impury mination a		Caa	
*Please provide a copy of If already given but your o				a copy of his/hor
updated immunization re	•		ie last year, please attaci	a copy of fils/fiel
•	•	s is flot flecessary).		
SWIMMING AND F				155
Are there any doctor's re			ng participation in sports	and PE activities
like swimming? If yes, ple				
How would you rate yo	our child's swimmin	g strength?		
MEDICAL AND DIE	TARY INFORMA	TION		
Please indicate with a tick if you				
	a and salids dily of the	1040171116		
Bed Wetting Se	eizure of any type	\square Heart Condition \square	Travel Sickness	☐ Blood Disorde
	eepwalking	Asthma	Recent breaks or spr	
			–	
☐ Diabetes ☐ M	igraine headaches	L_Allergies L	□ Fainting	☐Others



Parent/Guardian Name:

My child has been in contact with or has suffered from a contagious or infectious disease in the last four weeks

Please include detailed information rehealth condition not listed.	egarding	g the h	nealth condition selected above and	of any	y other
Does he/she require medication to be them at the start of the school year. Ep by the parents.					
MEDICATION Is your child taking any regular (daily) r Name of Medicine: Dosage: Reason for taking the medication:	medica	tion at	home? Yes	No 🗌]
Does your child need to take medication of yes, please ask for a PARENTAL ACT available in the school clinic. Please note that All medicines prescribe consent form filled in by a parent beformedications must be in the original frequency. *All medicines must be handed directly the school day. NON-PRESCRIPTION MEDICAT	ed outsi ore any contai	de that medic ner wit	on school to administer medical needs to be given at school must have ation will be given- NO FORM-NO In the pupil's name, name of medicine	e a con MEDICI , dosag	npleted I NE! All ge, and
I give permission for my child to receive th		ving me	edications at school if necessary:		
NAME OF MEDICINE	YES	NO	NAME OF MEDICINE	YES	NO
Paracetamol (for fever, aches/pain)			Otrivine Nasal Drops (for nasal congestion)		
Ibuprofen (for fever, aches/pain)			Betadine solution (for cleaning cuts, scrapes, antiseptic)		
Zyrtec Syrup (for mild allergic reaction, hives, and itching) ENO Salt (for stomach upset due to gas			Mebo Cream -contains sesame (for minor burns, cuts, and scrape) Bepanthen Antiseptic cream (for		
pains) Applicable for children older than 12 y/o			minor wound such as small cuts/scratches, abrasion, blisters, fissures, mild burn, and pressure sore)		
Strepsils Lozenges (for sore throat)			Calamine Lotion (skin itchiness due to insect bite or sting)		
Relispray/Voltaren Gel/Reparil Gel (For minor muscle and joint aches/pain)			Motilium (for nausea and vomiting)		
Prospan (cough syrup with ivy leaves extract)			Maalox (for stomach acid/heartburn)		
Oral Rehydration Salts-ORS (replacement of fluid and electrolytes loss due to diarrhea and vomiting) Fenistil Gel (Insect Bite)			Others: (Please Specify)		

Signature:_

Date:



Appendix B

PARENTAL AGREEMENT FOR SCHOOL TO ADMINISTER MEDICATION

The school will not administer any medication from home to your child unless you complete and sign this form. **DETAILS OF PUPIL** Surname Forename(s) Date of Birth Address Medical condition or illness MEDICINE Note: medicines must be in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacy Name/type of medicine (as described on the container) Date dispensed/prescribed _____ Expiry date How long will your child need to take this medication in school? Dosage and method of administration Timing: Self-administration YES / NO Special precautions ____ Side effects ___ Procedures to take in an emergency Signature of parent/guardian Date ALL MEDICATONS MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE NURSE'S ROOM BY THE PARENTS OR GUARDIAN, NOT BY THE STUDENTS BEFORE SCHOOL STARTS AND MUST NOT BE KEPT IN THE STUDENT'S BAG. I accept that this is a service that the school is not obliged to undertake. I will inform the school in writing if there is any change in dosage or frequency of administration of the medication or if the medicine is stopped. NO MEDICATION WILL BE GIVEN AT SCHOOL WITHOUT THIS FORM BEING COMPLETED Signature of the School Nurse: Date: -



Appendix C

RECORD OF MEDICINE ADMINISTERED TO AN INDIVIDUAL CHILD

NAME (OF STUD	ENT:				
YEAR/S	ECTION:					
MEDICI	NE:					
ROUTE:						
DOSE, F	REQUEN	ICY AND	TIMING:			
INDICA	TION FO	R GIVING	MEDICINE:			
HOW LO	ONG TO	TAKE THE	MEDICINE:			
		1				
DATE	TIME	DOSE	PERSON WHO	ADMINISTERS	SIGNATURE	COMMENTS/REMARKS
			THE MEDICINE			



Appendix D

PRE-PREPARED ADRENALINE INJECTION ADMINISTRATION REPORT FORM NAME OF CHILD: DOB: DATE REACTION: / / TIME OF ALLERGIC REACTION STARTED: TRIGGER: OF **DESCRIPTION SYMPTOMS** OF **REACTION:** TIME ADRENALINE INJECTION GIVEN..... DEVICE USED (Circle): EpiPen / EpiPen Junior / Anapen / Anapen Junior / Others...... Site of injection: Given by: difficulties administration? Any in TIME AMBULANCE CALLED: ARRIVED: ANY OTHER NOTES ABOUT INCIDENT (e.g., child eating anything, other injuries to child) WITNESSES: FORM COMPLETED BY: NAME (print): SIGNATURE: Job title: Contact Tel no: Date:



<u>Appendix E</u>

Time Arrived in Clinic:

(Please Highlight)

Date:

Student Medical/Accident/Injury Form

REASON FOR VISIT / COMPLAINT:

Name of Student:

Time Left Clinic:

Class:

Toilet Accident		Stomachache		Vomiting		Diarrhea N		Nausea			
Breathing Prob	lems	Cut/Scrape/abra	asion	Skin Rash		Insect Bite	М	Mouth/Dental			
Eye Injury/Irrit	ation	Nosebleed		Cold Symptoms/Cough		Headache	Bu	Bump/Swelling			
Earache		Sore Throat		Hea	ad Lice		Dizzy/	Не	ad Injury		
							Lightheaded				
Bump		Joint Pain									
Other (Please S	State)			1				ı			
ADDITIONAL INI	FORM	IATION:									
		jury, Details of inc	ident, N	urse (Observation)						
TDE ATACENT CO.	0) (15)	FD.									
TREATMENT PRO		<u>EU:</u>									
Cold Pack	Please Highlight) Cold Pack Plaster/Dressing Bar					Soap/Water		Antihi	Antibiotic Cream		
)~	500	p,	7			
Other (Please S	state)										
ADDITIONAL INI	FORM	IATION:									
(Details of treat	ment)									
PARENT PHONE	D:										
(Please Highlight											
Yes	-		No								
Na	me of	f nerson contacted	<u> </u> 						_		
INd	Name of person contacted										
Со	mplet	ted Call	Mess	sage Left			Unable to contact				
FINAL ACTION:			l			I					
(Please Highlight	t)										
Student		udent waiting in	Banda	ge	Soap/Water		Plaster/Dressing		ntibiotic		
returned to		inic for parent to						Cr	eam		
class	co	ollect									
	Otl	her (Please State)			•			L			
<u> </u>											



Appendix F

Head Injury guide and instructions:

Your child was thoroughly assessed and although no problems were seen at the time, we request that you observe your child for the next 24 hours and contact your family doctor or the nearest Accident and Emergency department if you notice any of the following symptoms:

- Severe Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Fatigue or feeling tired
- Blurry or double vision
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Numbness or tingling
- Does not "feel right"
- Unusual Drowsiness
- Irritable
- Slurred speech
- Bleeding or fluid from ears or nose
- Fits/Seizure

^{*}Please contact me if you have any questions. (40360453-Nurse Office)



Appendix G

Dear Parent/Guardian,

Please carefully read the following procedure that must be followed for the administration of medication to students who take part in either day or overnight field trips sponsored by the Royal Grammar School Guildford in Qatar:

*Please send only essential medications on the field trip. * The administration of medication to students shall be done only when the student's health may be jeopardized without the medication.

- 1. If the school nurse accompanies students on a trip, she will be responsible for medication administration unless otherwise noted.
 - If the school nurse does not accompany students on a trip, the student's teacher or other designated school employee will be responsible for medication administration, including inhalers and emergency medications such as EpiPen.
 - Everyone designated to administer medications will receive special administration instruction/training from the school nurse.
- 2. Only medications that are "medically necessary" should be requested for administration. As much as possible, please refrain from requesting administration of multivitamins, herbal or dietary supplements during the trip.
- 3. A "Parental Agreement for School to Administer Medication During a Trip" form which is shown below must be submitted by the parent for **each** medication (all prescription and over-the-counter medications) that will be needed during the trip. Forms must be completed in their entirety.
- 4. All medication forms and consents must be returned to the school nurse no later than 1 week before the trip. This will allow time for the nurse to review and collate the information to give to the administrator.
- 5. The parents will provide the school nurse with the original, labelled prescription bottle with the appropriate amount of medication in it. Bottles containing medication that exceeds the number of days of the trip will not be accepted. Medications in baggies, or in unlabeled or incorrect bottles will not be accepted. The medication must match the bottle it is in. Daily medication logs will be completed by the person designated to administer medication on the trip.
- 6. If parents accompany their children on the trip, they will be responsible for the administration of medication to their own child. If this occurs, the individual designated to administer medications will document parent administration of the medication on the daily medication log.
- 7. To meet unforeseen minor medical concerns (e.g., headache and/or fever), the administrator in charge of the field trip will have a stock supply of over-the-counter medicines, as listed below, that he or she can give students with written permission from their parent to receive the medicines.



PARENTAL AGREEMENT FOR THE SCHOOL TO ADMINISTER MEDICATION DURING A TRIP

Student Name:	Date of	Birth:		Year/Section:					
I am giving permission for the following:	administra	ation (of listed medicat	ion(s) to my chil	d as p	er the			
1. PRESCRIBED MEDICINE									
Requires medication to be in it be written by the licensed P written prescription.									
Medication Name:	Medication Name: Dosage:								
Reason for taking Medication/	Medical Co	onditio	on:						
Route: Mouth (oral) Ear Eye Nose (Nasal)	cal)	Tablets requiring cutting should be cut by the parents before being brought to school. Liquid medications require dosage spoons which are available from your pharmacist and must also be supplied by parent.							
Time of day to be taken: (PRN) As needed									
Side Effect to be aware of/oth	er informa	tion:							
2. NON-PRESCRIPTION MEDIC	INE (Over	the co	ounter drugs)						
NAME OF MEDICINE	YES	NO	NAME OF MEDIC	ME OF MEDICINE		NO			
Paracetamol (for fever, aches/pain)			Otrivine Nasal congestion)	rivine Nasal Drops (for nasal ngestion)					
Betadine solution (for cleaning of scrapes, antiseptic)	cuts,		Mebo Cream -co	Mebo Cream -contains sesame (for minor burns, cuts, and scrape)					
Fenistil Gel (Insect Bite)			Other Non-Prescription Medicine: (Please specify) e.g., Vitamins, cough syrup etc.						
iignature: Relatio			ip:	Date:					